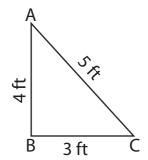
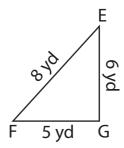
## Identify the right triangles

Apply the Pythagorean theorem. Find whether each triangle has a right angle.

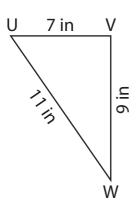
1)



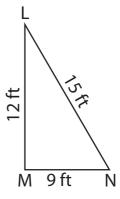
2)



3)



4)



5) In triangle XYZ, the sides XY, YZ and XZ measure 12 ft, 16 ft and 20 ft respectively. Prove that XYZ is a right triangle.

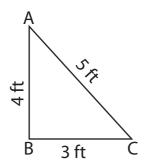
6) In triangle PQR, the sides PQ, QR and PR measure 15 in, 20 in and 25 in respectively. Prove that PQR is a right triangle.

## Identify the right triangles

Sheet 1

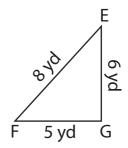
Apply the Pythagorean theorem. Find whether each triangle has a right angle.

1)



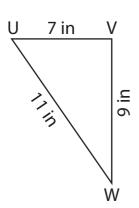
right triangle

2)



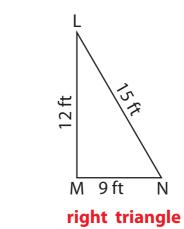
not a right triangle

3)



not a right triangle

4)



5) In triangle XYZ, the sides XY, YZ and XZ measure 12 ft, 16 ft and 20 ft respectively. Prove that XYZ is a right triangle.

$$XY^2 = 144 \text{ ft}, YZ^2 = 256 \text{ ft}, XZ^2 = 400 \text{ ft}$$

$$XY^2 + YZ^2 = XZ^2$$

XYZ is a right triangle.

6) In triangle PQR, the sides PQ, QR and PR measure 15 in, 20 in and 25 in respectively. Prove that PQR is a right triangle.

$$PQ^2 = 225 \text{ in, } QR^2 = 400 \text{ in, } PR^2 = 625 \text{ in}$$

$$PQ^2 + QR^2 = PR^2$$

PQR is a right triangle.